





		# of I	tems
	O TM	CTRN <sup>1</sup>	CFRN <sup>2</sup>
1. G	eneral principles of transport nursing practice	19	31
F	. Transport physiology		
	Physiologic stressors of transport	.,	
	2. Effects of altitude on patients	X	
 	Scene operations		
	Secure landing zone     Incident Command System	X	
، ا	Incident Command System     Communications	^	
	1. Radio operations		
	Patient handoff (e.g., history from referring provider,		
	updates for receiving provider, SBAR)		
	3. Crew resource management		
	. Safety and survival		
	1. ELT	X	
	2. Navigation (e.g., maps, GPS, night-vision goggles)		
	3. Transponder codes	X	
	4. Survival principles (post-crash)	X	
	<ol><li>Transport vehicle emergencies</li></ol>		
	6. Pre-mission preparation (e.g., shift preparedness, risk		
	assessment, crew briefings, weather limitations, AMRM)		
	. Management of man-made disasters (e.g., terrorism, industrial		
_	accident, transportation accident, mass casualties)		
ŀ	. Professional issues		
	Evidence-based practice and research     Landlingues		
	<ol><li>Legal issues</li><li>a. HIPAA</li></ol>		
	a. HIPAA b. EMTALA		
	c. Consent		
	d. Mandatory reporting (e.g., abuse, neglect, diversion,		
	non-accidental trauma)		
	e. Legal concepts in patient care (e.g., negligence,		
	assault, battery, abandonment)		
	3. Ethical issues		
	4. Psychosocial issues in transport, including families		
	<b>5</b>		
	<ol> <li>Quality management and fair work environment</li> </ol>		
	<ol><li>Outreach and community education</li></ol>		
	3. Stress management (e.g., self-care, post-traumatic critical		
	incident)		







		Content Outline		
			# of Items	
		1M	CTRN <sup>1</sup>	CFRN <sup>2</sup>
2.	Res	uscitation principles	27	31
	Α.	Principles of assessment and patient preparation		
		Physical assessment		
		<ol><li>Pain and comfort assessment</li></ol>		
		<ol><li>Preparing the patient for transport (i.e., packaging)</li></ol>		
	B.	, 3		
		Airway assessment		
		Airway management		
		Difficulties encountered with airway		
		4. Rapid Sequence Induction for Intubation (RSI), including		
	C.	pharmacology Mechanical ventilation		
	C.			
		<ol> <li>Invasive ventilation</li> <li>Non-invasive ventilation</li> </ol>		
	D.	Perfusion		
	D.	Components of oxygen delivery		
		Shock pathophysiology		
		3. Trauma triad (hypothermia, acidosis, coagulopathies)		
		4. Acid base imbalances		
3.	Tra	ıma	26	31
	Α.	Principles of management		
	,	Mechanism of injury		
		2. Shock		
		a. Hypovolemic		
		b. Obstructive		
		c. Distributive (including neurogenic)		
		d. Cardiogenic		
		3. Immobilization		
	B.	Neurologic		
		Traumatic brain injuries		
		Spinal cord injuries		
	_	3. Post-traumatic seizures		
	C.	Thoracic 4. Object well injuries		
		Chest wall injuries     Dulmanary injuries		
		Pulmonary injuries     Cording injuries		
		<ol> <li>Cardiac injuries</li> <li>Great vessel injuries</li> </ol>		
	D.	Great vessel injuries     Abdominal		
	D.	1. Hollow organ injuries		
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$M_{\mathbf{B}}$	Content Outline		0
		# of Items	
	ТМ	CTRN <sup>1</sup>	CFRN <sup>2</sup>
	Diaphragmatic injuries		
	4. Retroperitoneal injuries	ļ	
E.	5. Abdominal compartment syndrome		
⊏.	Orthopedic  1. Vertebral injuries		
	Pelvic injuries		
	Compartment syndrome		
	4. Amputations		
	5. Extremity fractures		
	6. Soft-tissue injuries		
F.	Burn		
	Chemical burns		
	Electrical burns		
	3. Thermal burns		
	4. Radiological burns		
	5. Inhalation injuries		
G.	Maxillofacial and neck		
	Facial injuries, including fractures		
	2. Ocular injuries		
	<ol><li>Blunt and penetrating neck injuries</li></ol>		
4. Med	dical emergencies	44	44
A.	Neurologic		
	<ol> <li>Seizure disorders</li> </ol>		
	2. Stroke		
	Neuromuscular disorders		
	Space occupying lesions		
	a. Blood		
	b. Tumors		
	c. Abscesses		
	d. Hydrocephalus		
ľ	e. Encephalopathies		
B.	Cardiovascular		
	Acute coronary syndrome     Congostive boost failure		
	Congestive heart failure     Pulmonary odoma		
	Pulmonary edema     Dyorbythmias		
	<ol> <li>Dysrhythmias</li> <li>Aortic abnormalities</li> </ol>		
	Aortic abhormalities     Hypertension		
	7. Mechanical/circulatory support (e.g., IABP, VAD, pacing)		



### **Combined CFRN and CTRN Detailed Content**





II BO	Outline CTRN Detailed Content		
11		# of Items	
	<b>O</b>	CTRN <sup>1</sup>	CFRN <sup>2</sup>
C.	Pulmonary		
	<ol> <li>COPD</li> <li>Acute lung injury/ARDS</li> </ol>		
	Acute lang injury/ARDS     Pulmonary infections		
	4. Asthma		
	5. Pulmonary embolism		
D.	Abdominal		
	Abdominal compartment syndrome		
	2. Gl bleed		
	3. Conditions of the hollow organs (e.g., obstruction, rupture)		
	4. Conditions of the solid organs (e.g., pancreatitis, hepatitis)		
	Electrolyte disturbances		
F.	Metabolic and endocrine		
	Diabetic emergencies		
	2. Neuroendocrine disorders (e.g., diabetes insipidus, SIADH,		
	HHNK)		
	<ol> <li>Thyroid conditions</li> <li>Adrenal disorders</li> </ol>		
G.	Hematology		
Ο.	Coagulopathies (including platelet disorders)		
	Anemias		
Н.	Renal		
	Acute kidney injury (i.e., acute renal failure)		
	2. Chronic renal failure		
l.	Infectious and communicable diseases		
	1. SIRS and sepsis		
	2. Isolation precautions (e.g., MRSA, influenza-like illness,		
	highly-infectious diseases)		
J.	Shock		
	1. Hypovolemic		
	2. Obstructive		
	<ol> <li>Distributive (including neurogenic and anaphylaxis)</li> <li>Cardiogenic</li> </ol>		
K.	Cardiogenic     Environmental and toxicological emergencies		
IX.	Environment		
	a. Allergic reactions		
	b. Cold related (e.g., hypothermia, frostbite)		
	c. Heat related (e.g., heatstroke, heat exhaustion)		
	d. Submersion injuries (i.e., diving injuries, drowning,		
	near drowning)		
	e. Bites and envenomation		
	2. Toxicology		







	# of I	tems
ТМ	CTRN <sup>1</sup>	CFRN <sup>2</sup>
5. Special populations	14	13
A. Obstetrical patients		
<ol> <li>Complications of pregnancy</li> </ol>		
<ol><li>Delivery and post-partum care of mother and infant</li></ol>		
3. Trauma		
B. Pediatric		
1. Trauma		
2. Medical (e.g., respiratory, cardiac, and neurological		
emergencies, metabolic disturbances)		
C. Geriatric		
<ol> <li>Trauma (e.g., falls, immobilization)</li> </ol>		
2. Medical (e.g., drug interactions and comorbidities,		
dementia)		
D. Bariatric (e.g., logistical issues, drug dosage, skin issues, airway		
management)		
Total scored items	130	150

Clinical items (primarily category 2 through 5), distribution by Nursing Process:
Assessment (15-20%), Analysis (25-30%), Intervention (30-35%), Evaluation (20-25%)
Non-Clinical items (primarily category 1), distribution by Cognitive Level:
Approximately equal for Recall, Application, Analysis

- <sup>1</sup> CTRN Examination: 130 scored plus 25 Pretest Items
- <sup>2</sup> CFRN Examination: Additional 20 scored + 5 Pretest Items (Total of 150 scored + 30 Pretest Items)

#### **Procedures**

- 1. PA catheter
- 2. Point-of-care testing
- 3. Video laryngoscopy
- 4. Chest radiographs
- 5. Transvenous pacing
- 6. Capnography for non-intubated patients
- 7. Surgical cricothyrotomy
- 8. Therapeutic hypothermia
- 9. Central venous pressure measurement
- 10. Arterial line
- 11. Needle cricothyrotomy
- 12. Needle thoracostomy
- 13. Tourniquet application
- 14. Central line
- 15. Chest tube
- 16. Pelvic stabilization
- 17. Non-invasive mechanical ventilation
- 18. Traction splint
- 19. 12-lead ECG
- 20. Invasive mechanical ventilation
- 21. Transcutaneous pacing
- 22. Blood product administration
- 23. Capnography for intubated patients
- 24. Endotrachael intubation
- 25. Initiate/titrate medications
- 26. Intraosseous catheter
- 27. IABP operation
- 28. Escharotomy
- 29. CT scans
- 30. Medical circulatory devices (VAD, Impella®)
- 31. Fracture/dislocation reduction
- 32. ICP monitoring
- 33. Pericardiocentesis
- 34. Neck radiographs
- 35. Ventriculostomy monitoring